

Ovislink OV504WN

User Manual

Ver 1.0

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1 Safety Precautions

Read the following information carefully before operating the device. Please follow the following precaution items to protect the device from risks and damage caused by fire and electric power:

- Use volume labels to mark the type of power.
- Use the power adapter that is packed within the device package.
- Pay attention to the power load of the outlet or prolonged lines. An overburden power outlet or damaged lines and plugs may cause electric shock or fire accident. Check the power cords regularly. If you find any damage, replace it at once.
- Proper space left for heat dissipation is necessary to avoid any damage caused by overheating to the device. The holes on the device are designed for heat dissipation to ensure that the device works normally. Do not cover these heat dissipation holes.
- Do not put this device close to a place where a heat source exits or high temperature occurs. Avoid the device from direct sunshine.
- Do not put this device close to a place where is over damp or watery. Do not spill any fluid on this device.
- Do not connect this device to any PC or electronic product, unless our customer engineer or your broadband provider instructs you to do this, because any wrong connection may cause any power or fire risk.
- Do not place this device on an unstable surface or support.

2 Overview

The DSL Router is a highly ADSL2+ Integrated Access Device and can support ADSL link with downstream up to 24 Mbps and upstream up to 1 Mbps. It is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective ADSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet or 802.11g/802.11b/802.11n wireless network. The Router combines high-speed ADSL Internet connection, IP routing for the LAN and wireless connectivity in one package. It is usually preferred to provide high access performance applications for the individual users, the SOHOs, and the small enterprises.

The Router is easy to install and use. The Modem connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The ADSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet by a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, packet filtering and port redirection, can help protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from outside your network.

Network and Router management is done through the web-based management interface that can be accessed through the local Ethernet using any web browser. You may also enable remote management to enable configuration of the Router via the WAN interface.

2.1 Application

- Home gateway
- SOHOs
- Small enterprises
- Higher data rate broadband sharing
- PC file and application sharing
- Network and online gaming

2.2 Features

- User-friendly GUI for web configuration

- Several pre-configured popular games. Just enable the game and the port settings are automatically configured.
- Compatible with all standard Internet applications
- Industry standard and interoperable DSL interface
- Simple web-based status page displays a snapshot of system configuration, and links to the configuration pages
- Downloadable flash software updates
- Support for up to 16 permanent virtual circuits (PVC)
- Support for up to 8 PPPOE sessions
- Support NAT
- WLAN with high-speed data transfer rates of up to 130 Mbps, compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n, 2.4GHz/5G compliant equipment
- Optimized Linux 2.6 Operating System
- IP routing and bridging
- Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) and digital subscriber line (DSL) support
- Point-to-point protocol (PPP)
- Network/port address translation (NAT/PAT)
- Quality of service (QoS)
- Wireless LAN security: WPA, 802.1x, RADIUS client
- Virtual private network (VPN): IPsec
- Universal plug-and-play
- Management and control
 - Web-based management (WBM)
 - Command line interface (CLI)
 - TR-069 WAN management protocol
- Remote update
- System statistics and monitoring
- DSL router is targeted at the following platforms: DSL modems, wireless access points and bridge.

2.3 Standards Compatibility and Compliance

- Support application level gateway (ALG)
- ITU G.992.1 (G.dmt)
- ITU G.992.2 (G.lite)

- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)
- ITU G.992.3 (ADSL2)
- ITU G.992.5 (ADSL2+)
- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11n

3 Hardware Description and Hardware Installation

3.1 Hardware Description

3.1.1 Front Panel

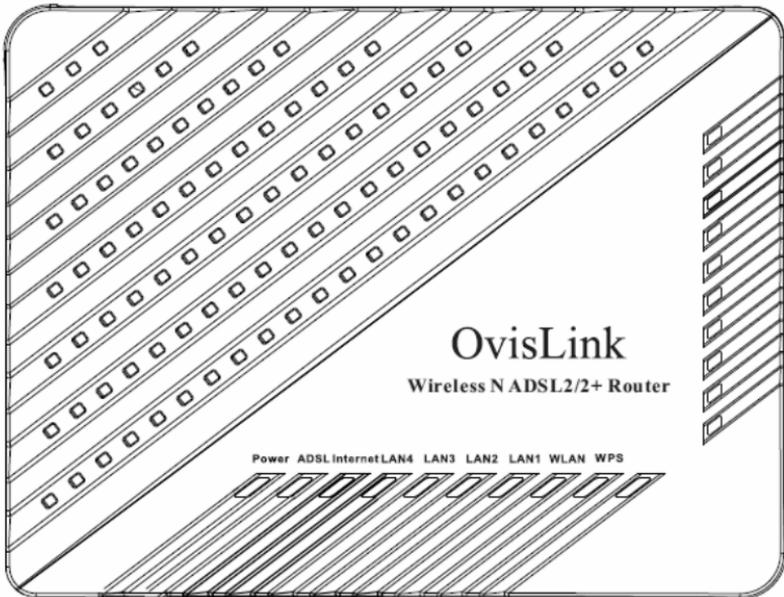


Figure 1 Front panel

The following table describes the indicators on the front panel.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
Power	Green	On	Power is on.
	Red	On	Power is on and the device is initiating.
	Red	Blink	The firmware is upgrading.
		Off	Power is off or the device is down.

Indicator	Color	Status	Description
ADSL	Green	On	DSL link has established.
	Green	Blink twice at every second	No DSL link is detected.
	Green	Blink four times at every second	DSL link is detected.
	-	Off	Device is powered off.
Internet	Green	On	PPP/DHCP takes effect.
	Green	Blink	PPP/DHCP is negotiating.
	Green	Blink quickly	Data is being transmitted.
	Red	On	Authentication fails.
LAN 4/3/2/1	Green	On	The Ethernet interface is connected.
	Green	Blink	Data is being transmitted through the Ethernet interface.
	-	Off	The Ethernet interface is disconnected.
WLAN	Green	On	WLAN is enabled.
	Green	Blink	Data is being transmitted through the wireless interface.
	-	Off	WLAN is disabled.
WPS	Green	On	Connection succeeds under Wi-Fi Protected Setup.
	Green	Blink	Negotiation is in progress under Wi-Fi Protected Setup.
	-	Off	Wi-Fi Protected Setup is disabled.

3.1.2 Rear Panel

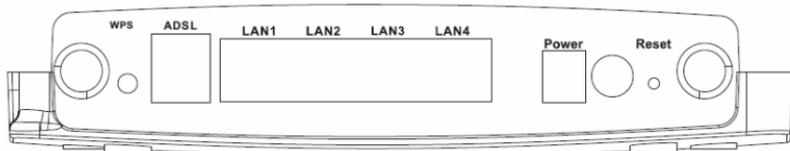


Figure 2 Rear panel

The following table describes the interfaces or the buttons on the rear panel.

Interface	Description
WPS	This button is used for enabling WPS PBC mode. If WPS is enabled, press this button, and then the wireless router starts to accept the negotiation of PBC mode.
ADSL	RJ-11 port, for connecting the ADSL cable.
LAN 1~4	RJ-45 port, for connecting the router to a PC or another network device.
Power	Power interface, for connecting the power adapter.
	Power switch.
Reset	Press the button for at least 1 second and then release it. System restores the factory default settings.

Warning:

*Do not press the **Reset** button unless you want to clear the current settings. The **Reset** button is in a small circular hole on the rear panel. If you want to restore the default settings, please press the **Reset** button gently for 1 second with a fine needle inserted into the hole and then release the button. The system reboots and returns to the factory defaults.*

The power specification is 12V, 1A. If the power adapter does not match the specification, it may damage the device.

3.2 Hardware Installation

3.2.1 Choosing the Best Location for Wireless Operation

Many environmental factors may affect the effective wireless function of the DSL Router. If this is the first time that you set up a wireless network device, read the following information:

The access point can be placed on a shelf or desktop, ideally you should be able to see the LED indicators in the front, as you may need to view them for troubleshooting. Designed to go up to 100 meters indoors and up to 300 meters outdoors, wireless LAN lets you access your network from anywhere you want. However, the numbers of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through limit signal

range. Typical ranges vary depending on types of materials and background RF noise in your home or business.

3.2.2 Connecting the Device

Please follow the steps below to connect the device.

- Step1** Connect the **ADSL** port of the DSL router with a telephone cable.
- Step2** Connect the LAN port of the DSL router to the network card of the PC via an Ethernet cable.
- Step3** Plug one end of the power adapter to the wall outlet and connect the other end to the Power port of the DSL Router.

The following figure displays the connection of the DSL router, PC, and telephones.

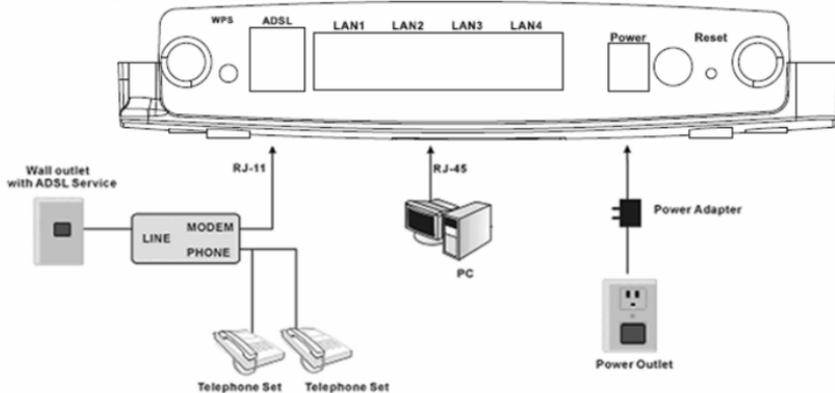


Figure 3 Connecting the DSL router

4 PC Network Configuration and Login

4.1 PC Network Configuration

Each network interface on the PC should either be configured with a statically defined IP address and DNS address, or be instructed to automatically obtain an IP address using the network DHCP server. DSL router provides a DHCP server on its LAN and it is recommended to configure your LAN to automatically obtain its IP address and DNS server IP address.

The configuration principle is identical but should be carried out differently on each operating system.

The following displays the **TCP/IP Properties** dialog box on Windows XP.



Figure 4 IP and DNS configuration

TCP/IP configuration steps for Windows XP are as follows:

- Step1** Choose **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.
- Step2** Right-click the Ethernet connection icon and choose **Properties**.
- Step3** On the **General** tab, select the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** component and click **Properties**.

- Step4** The **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** window appears.
- Step5** Select the **Obtain an IP address automatically** radio button.
- Step6** Select the **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio button.
- Step7** Click **OK** to save the settings.

4.2 Logging In to the DSL Router

To log in to the DSL router, do as follows:

- Step1** Open a Web browser on your computer.
- Step2** Enter **http://192.168.1.1** (the default IP address of the DSL router) in the address bar. The login page appears.
- Step3** Enter the user name and the password. The default username and password of the super user are **admin** and **admin**. The username and password of the common user are **user** and **user**. You need not enter the username and the password again if you select the option **Remember my password**. It is recommended to change these default values after logging in to the DSL router for the first time.
- Step4** Click **OK** to log in to the Web page. Otherwise, please click **Cancel** to exit the login page.



Figure 5 Login page

After logging in to the DSL router as a super user, you can query, configure, and modify all the settings, and diagnose the system.

5 Web-Based Management

This chapter describes how to use Web-based management of the DSL router, which allows you to configure and control all of DSL router features and system parameters in a user-friendly GUI.

5.1 Quick Setup

Choose **Quick Setup** and the following page is displayed.

Quick Setup

In the boxes below, enter the PPP user name and password that your ISP has provided to you.

PPP Username:
PPP Password:

Apply/Save

Enter the username and password your ISP has provided to you. The following page is displayed if quick setup is successful. Click **Next** to see the device information.

Quick Setup Successful

The Quick Setup has configured your WAN and wireless LAN connections

Click on "Next" button to see device info.

Next

5.2 Advanced Setup

5.2.1 Layer2 Interface

ATM Interface

Choose **Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface** , and the following page appears.

DSL ATM Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSL ATM interfaces.

Interface	Vpi	Vci	DSL Latency	Category	Link Type	Connection Mode	IP QoS	Scheduler Alg	Queue Weight	Group Precedence	Remove
atm0	0	33	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm1	0	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm2	8	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 6 DSL ATM interface configuration

In this page, you can add or remove the DSL ATM Interfaces.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

ATM PVC Configuration

This screen allows you to configure an ATM PVC identifier (VPI and VCI), select DSL latency, select a service category. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the checkbox to enable it.

VPI: [0-255]

VCI: [32-65535]

Select DSL Latency

Path0

Path1

Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.)

EoA

PPPoA

IPoA

Select Connection Mode

Default Mode - Single service over one connection

VLAN MUX Mode - Multiple Vlan service over one connection

Encapsulation Mode:

Service Category:

Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm

Strict Priority

Precedence of the default queue:

Weighted Fair Queuing

Weight Value of the default queue: [1-63]

MPAAL Group Precedence:

Figure 7 ATM PVC configuration

In this page, you can set the VPI and VCI values, and select the DSL latency, link type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.), connection mode, encapsulation mode, service category, and IP QoS scheduler algorithm.

- **VPI (Virtual Path Identifier):** The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, and its valid value is from 0 to 255.
- **VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier):** The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 are reserved for known protocols).
- **Select DSL Latency:** You may select **Path0** and **Path1**.

- **Select DSL Link Type:** You may select **EoA** (it is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge), **PPPoA**, or **IPoA**.
- **Select Connection Mode:** You may select the **Default Mode** or the **VLAN MUX Mode**.
- **Encapsulation Mode:** You may select **LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING** or **VC/MUX** in the drop-down list.
- **Service Category:** you may select **UBR Without PCR**, **UBR With PCR**, **CBR**, **Non Realtime VBR** or **Realtime VBR** in the drop-down list.
- **Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm:** You may select **Strict Priority** and **Weighted Fair Queuing**.

Note:

QoS cannot be set for CBR and Realtime VBR.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to make the settings take effect. See the following figure:

If you want to remove this Interface, please select the **Remove** check box that is corresponding to the selected interface and then click the **Remove** button.

5.2.2 WAN Service

Choose **Advance Setup > WAN Service**, and the following page appears.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>

Figure 8 WAN service configuration

In this page, you are allowed to add, remove, or edit a WAN service.

Adding a PPPoE WAN Service

This section describes the steps for adding the pppoe_0_0_36 (PPPoE mode) service.

- Step1** In the **Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup** page, click the **Add** button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATM configuration for this WAN service.)

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

atm3/ (0_0_36) ▼

Back Next

Figure 9 WAN service interface configuration (PPPoE)

- Step2** In this page, you can select a ATM Interface for the WAN service. After selecting the ATM interface, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- IP over Ethernet
- Bridging

Enter Service Description:

Enable IPv6 for this service

Back

Next

Figure 10 WAN service configuration (PPPoE)

Step3 In this page, select the WAN service type to be **PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)**. Click **Next** to display the following page.

PPP Username and Password

PPP usually requires that you have a user name and password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and password that your ISP has provided to you.

PPP Username:

PPP Password:

PPPoE Service Name:

Authentication Method:

Enable Fullcone NAT

Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer)

PPP IP extension

Use Static IPv4 Address

Enable PPP Debug Mode

Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports

Multicast Proxy

Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy



Figure 11 PPP username and password (PPPoE)

Step4 In this page, you can modify the PPP username, PPP password, PPPoE service name and authentication method.

- **PPP Username:** The correct user name provided by your ISP.
- **PPP Password:** The correct password provided by your ISP.
- **PPPoE Service Name:** If your ISP provides it to you, please enter it. If not, do not enter any information.
- **Authentication Method:** The value can be AUTO, PAP, CHAP, or MSCHAP. Usually, you can select AUTO.

- **Enable Fullcone NAT:** NAT is one where all requests from the same internal IP address and port are mapped to the same external IP address and port. Furthermore, any external host can send a packet to the internal host, by sending a packet to the mapped external address.
- **Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer):** If this function is enabled, you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the modem does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the modem automatically stops the PPPoE connection. Once it detects the flow (like access to a webpage), the modem restarts the PPPoE dialup. If this function is disabled, the modem performs PPPoE dial-up all the time. The PPPoE connection does not stop, unless the modem is powered off and DSLAM or uplink equipment is abnormal.
- **PPP IP extension:** If you want to configure DMZ Host, you should enable it first.
- **Use Static IPv4 Address:** If this function is disabled, the modem obtains an IP address assigned by an uplink equipment such as BAS, through PPPoE dial-up. If this function is enabled, the modem uses this IP address as the WAN IP address.
- **Enable PPP Debug Mode:** Enable or disable this function.
- **Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports:** Enable or disable this function.
- **Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy:** if you want PPPoE mode to support IPTV, enable it.

Step5 After setting the parameters, click **Next** to display the following page.

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

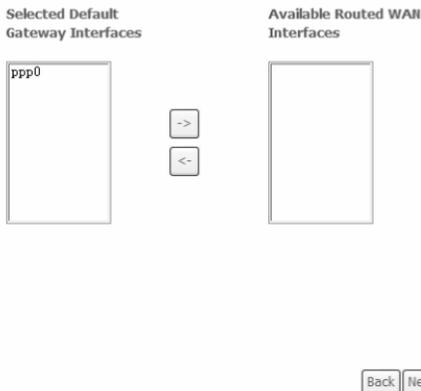


Figure 12 Routing-default gateway (PPPoE)

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:



Figure 13 DNS server configuration(PPPoE)

Step7 In this page, you may obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter the static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must manually enter the static DNS server addresses. Click **Next**, and the following page appears.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoE
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Enabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 14 PPPoE summary

Step8 In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoE settings. Click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_36	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>

Figure 15 Completing the settings of PPPoE WAN service

Adding a MER (IPoE) WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the ipoe_0_0_37 (MER mode) service.

- Step1** In the **Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup** page, click the **Add** button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a ATM configuration for this WAN service.)

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

atm4/ (0_0_37) ▼

Back Next

Figure 16 WAN service interface configuration (IPoE)

- Step2** Select an ATM Interface, for example, atm1/(0_0_37), and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- IP over Ethernet
- Bridging

Enter Service Description:

Enable IPv6 for this service

Figure 17 WAN service configuration (IPoE)

Step3 In this page, select the WAN service type to be IP over Ethernet, and r the service description. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN IP Settings

Enter information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings.

Notice: If "Obtain an IP address automatically" is chosen, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in IPoE mode.

If "Use the following Static IP address" is chosen, enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask and interface gateway.

Obtain an IP address automatically

Option 55 Request List : (e.g:1,3,6,12)

Option 58 Renewal Time: (hour)

Option 59 Rebinding Time: (hour)

Option 60 Vendor ID:

Option 61 IAID: (8 hexadecimal digits)

Option 61 DUID: (hexadecimal digit)

Option 125: Disable Enable

Use the following Static IP address:

WAN IP Address:

WAN Subnet Mask:

WAN gateway IP Address:

Primary DNS server:

Secondary DNS server:

Figure 18 WAN IP settings (IPoE)

Step4 In this page, you may themodify the WAN IP settings. You may select obtain an IP address automatically or manually enter the IP address provided by your ISP. Click **Next** and the following page appears.

Note:

*If you select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in MER mode.*

*If you select **Use the following Static IP address**, please enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address.*

Network Address Translation Settings

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

- Enable NAT

- Enable Firewall

IGMP Multicast

- Enable IGMP Multicast

Back Next

Figure 19 Network address translation settings (IPoE)

Step5 In this page, you can set the network address translation settings, for example, enabling NAT, enabling firewall, and enabling IGMP multicast. After finishing setting, click **Next** and the following page appears.

Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default Gateway Interfaces

ppp0



Available Routed WAN Interfaces

atm4

Back Next

Figure 20 Routing-default gateway (IPoE)

Step6 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server
Interfaces

Available WAN Interfaces



Back Next

Figure 21 DNS server configuration (IPoE)

Step7 In this page, you may obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must enter the static DNS server addresses. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoE
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 22 IPoE summary

Step8 In this page, it displays the information about the IPoE settings. Click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm4	ipoe_0_0_37	IPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_36	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>



Figure 23 Completing the settings of IPoE WAN service

Adding a PPPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the pppoa_0_0_38 (PPPoA mode) service.

Step1 Choose **Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface** to display the **DSL ATM Interface Configuration** page. In this page, you need to add a PVC for PPPoA mode. Click the **Add** button in the **DSL ATM Interface Configuration** page to display the following page.

ATM PVC Configuration

This screen allows you to configure an ATM PVC identifier (VPI and VCI), select DSL latency, select a service category. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the checkbox to enable it.

VPI: [0-255]

VCI: [32-65535]

Select DSL Latency

Path0

Path1

Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.)

EoA

PPPoA

IPoA

Encapsulation Mode:

Service Category:

Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm

Strict Priority

Precedence of the default queue: 8 (lowest)

Weighted Fair Queuing

Weight Value of the default queue: [1-63]

MPAAL Group Precedence:

Figure 24 ATM PVC configuration (PPPoA)

Step2 Select the DSL link type to be **PPPoA**, and select the encapsulation mode to be **VC/MUX** (according to the uplink equipment). After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings, and the following page appears.

DSL ATM Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSL ATM interfaces.

Interface	Vpi	Vci	DSL Latency	Category	Link Type	Connection Mode	IP QoS	Scheduler Alg	Queue Weight	Group Precedence	Remove
atm0	0	33	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm1	0	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm2	8	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm3	0	36	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm4	0	37	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm5	0	38	Path0	UBR	PPPoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>

Add

Remove

Figure 25 Adding a DSL ATM interface for PPPoA service

Step3 Choose **WAN Service** and click **Add** to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

atm5/ (0_0_38) ▼

Back Next

Figure 26 WAN service interface configuration (PPPoA)

- Step4** Select the proper interface for the WAN service, and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description:

Figure 27 WAN service configuration (PPPoA)

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click **Next** to display the following page.

PPP Username and Password

PPP usually requires that you have a user name and password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and password that your ISP has provided to you.

PPP Username:
PPP Password:
Authentication Method:

- Enable Fullcone NAT
- Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer)

- Use Static IPv4 Address
- Enable PPP Debug Mode

Multicast Proxy

- Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy

Figure 28 PPP username and password (PPPoA)

Step6 In this page, you can enter the PPP username and PPP password provided by your ISP. Select the authentication method according to your requirement. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Selected Default
Gateway Interfaces

ppp0



Available Routed WAN
Interfaces

ppp0a1
atm4

Back Next

Figure 29 Routing-default gateway (PPPoA)

Step7 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

Selected DNS Server
Interfaces

Available WAN Interfaces

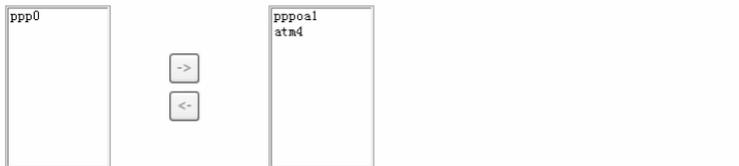


Figure 30 DNS server configuration (PPPoA)

Step8 In this page, you can obtain the DNS server addresses from the selected WAN interface or manually enter the static DNS server addresses. If only a PVC with IPoA or static MER protocol is configured, you must enter the static DNS server addresses. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 31 PPPoA summary

Step9 In this page, it displays the information about the PPPoA settings. Click **Apply/Save** to apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm4	ipoe_0_0_37	IPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_36	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
pppoa1	pppoa_0_0_38	PPPoA	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>



Figure 32 Completing the settings of PPPoA WAN service

Adding an IPoA WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the ipoa_0_0_39 (IPoA mode).

Step1 Choose **Advanced Setup > Layer2 Interface > ATM Interface** to display the **DSL ATM Interface Configuration** page. In this page, you need to add a PVC for IPoA mode. Click the **Add** button in the **DSL ATM Interface Configuration** page to display the following page.

ATM PVC Configuration

This screen allows you to configure an ATM PVC identifier (VPI and VCI), select DSL latency, select a service category. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the checkbox to enable it.

VPI: [0-255]

VCI: [32-65535]

Select DSL Latency

Path0

Path1

Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.)

EoA

PPPoA

IPoA

Encapsulation Mode:

Service Category:

Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm

Strict Priority

Precedence of the default queue: 8 (lowest)

Weighted Fair Queuing

Weight Value of the default queue: [1-63]

MPAAL Group Precedence:

Figure 33 ATM PVC configuration (IPoA)

Step2 Select the DSL link type to be **IPoA**, and select the encapsulation mode to be **LLC/SNAP-ROUTING** (according to the uplink equipment). After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to display the following page.

DSL ATM Interface Configuration

Choose Add, or Remove to configure DSL ATM interfaces.

Interface	Vpi	Vci	DSL Latency	Category	Link Type	Connection Mode	IP QoS	Scheduler Alg	Queue Weight	Group Precedence	Remove
atm0	0	33	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm1	0	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm2	8	35	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm3	0	36	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm4	0	37	Path0	UBR	EoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
atm5	0	38	Path0	UBR	PPPoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>
ipoa0	0	39	Path0	UBR	IPoA	DefaultMode	Enabled	SP	1	8	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 34 Adding a DSL ATM interface for IPoA service

Step3 Choose **WAN Service** and click **Add** to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

ipoa0/ (0_0_39) ▼



Figure 35 WAN service interface configuration (IPoA)

- Step4** Select the proper interface for the WAN service ,and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description:

Figure 36 WAN service configuration (IPoA)

Step5 In this page, you may modify the service description. Click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN IP Settings

information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings.

WAN IP Address:

WAN Subnet Mask:

Primary DNS server:

Secondary DNS server:

Figure 37 WAN IP settings (IPoA)

Step6 In this page, enter the WAN IP address and the WAN subnet mask provided by your ISP and then click **Next** to display the following page.

Network Address Translation Settings

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

Enable NAT

Enable Firewall

IGMP Multicast

Enable IGMP Multicast

[Back](#) [Next](#)

Figure 38 Network address translation settings (IPoA)

In this page, Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).

If you do not want to enable NAT, and wish the user of modem to access the Internet normally, you need to add a route on the uplink equipment. Otherwise, the access to the Internet fails. Normally, please enable the NAT function.

Step7 After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

Routing -- Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

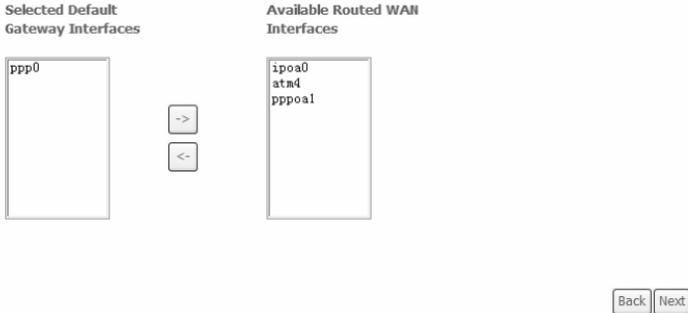


Figure 39 Routing-default gateway (IPoA)

Step8 In this page, select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and then click **Next** to display the following page.

DNS Server Configuration

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:

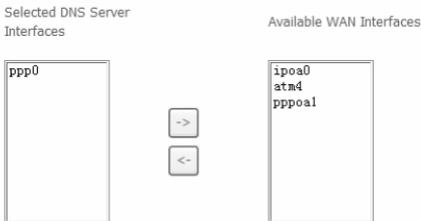


Figure 40 DNS server configuration (IPoA)

Step9 In this page, you should use a static DNS IP address for IPoA mode. Select the proper DNS server interface and enter the primary DNS server and the secondary DNS server. Click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoA
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 41 IPoA summary

Step10 In this page, it displays the information about the IPoA settings. Click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mld	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
atm4	ipoe_0_0_37	IPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
ipoa0	ipoa_0_0_39	IPoA	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_36	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit
pppoa1	pppoa_0_0_38	PPPoA	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	edit

[Add](#) [Remove](#)

Figure 42 Completing the settings of IPoA WAN service

Adding a Bridge WAN service

This section describes the steps for adding the br_0_0_40(Bridge mode) service.

- Step1** In the **Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup** page, click the **Add** button to display the following page. (At first, you must add a proper ATM configuration for this WAN service.) Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

atm6/ (0_0_40) ▼

Back Next

Figure 43 WAN service interface configuration (bridge)

- Step2** Select the proper ATM Interface, for example atm6/(0_0_40) and then click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Service Configuration

Select WAN service type:

- PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- IP over Ethernet
- Bridging

Enter Service Description:

Enable IPv6 for this service

Figure 44 WAN service configuration (bridge)

Step3 In this page, you can select the WAN service type, and modify the service description. After finishing setting, click **Next** to display the following page.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	Bridge
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Not Applicable
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



Figure 45 Bridge summary

Step4 In this page, it displays the information about the bridge settings. Click **Apply/Save** to save and apply the settings, and then the following page appears. You can modify the settings by clicking the **Back** button if necessary.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Choose Add, Remove or Edit to configure a WAN service over a selected interface.

Interface	Description	Type	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	Igmp	NAT	Firewall	IPv6	Mkl	Remove	Edit
atm0	br_0_0_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm2	br_0_8_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm4	ipoe_0_0_37	IPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
ipoa0	ipoa_0_0_39	IPoA	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
atm6	br_0_0_40	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
ppp0	pppoe_0_0_36	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>
pppoa1	pppoa_0_0_38	PPPoA	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="edit"/>



Figure 46 Completing the settings of bridge WAN service

5.2.3 LAN Configuration

Choose **Advanced Setup > LAN**, and the following page appears.

Local Area Network (LAN) Setup

Configure the Broadband Router IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface. GroupName Default ▾

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Enable IGMP Snooping

Enable LAN side firewall

Disable DHCP Server

Enable DHCP Server

Start IP Address:

End IP Address:

Leased Time (hour):

Static IP Lease List: (A maximum 32 entries can be configured)

Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface

Figure 47 LAN setup

In this page, you can configure an IP address for the DSL router, enable IGMP snooping, enable the LAN side firewall, enable or disable the DHCP server, edit the DHCP option, configure the DHCP advanced setup and set the binding between a MAC address and an IP address.

Configuring the Private IP Address for the DSL Router

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Figure 48 Configuring the IP address of the DSL router

In this page, you can modify the IP address of the device. The preset IP address is 192.168.1.1.

Enabling IGMP Snooping

IGMP snooping enables the router to forward multicast traffic intelligently, instead of flooding all ports in the VLAN. With IGMP snooping, the router listens to IGMP membership reports, queries and leave messages to identify the switch ports that are members of multicast groups. Multicast traffic will only be forwarded to ports identified as members of the specific multicast group or groups.



Figure 49 Configuring the IGMP snooping

In this page, you can enable the IGMP snooping and select the proper mode for IGMP snooping.

Enabling the LAN Side Firewall

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host in the LAN.

Enable LAN side firewall

Figure 50 Setting the LAN side firewall

In this page, you can enable or disable the LAN side firewall.

Configuring the DHCP Server

Disable DHCP Server
 Enable DHCP Server

Start IP Address:

End IP Address:

Leased Time (hour):

Figure 51 Setting the DHCP server

If you enable the DHCP sever, the clients will automatically acquire the IP address from the DHCP server. If the DHCP server is disabled, you need to manually set the start IP address, end IP address and the lease time for the clients in the LAN.

Editing the DHCP Option

Click the **Edit DHCP Option** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Option Setup** page.

DHCP Option Setup

This page allows you to configure the DHCP OPTION. These options will be sent to DHCP client. You can define at most 30 options.

State Code Value Pool

Add Edit Delete Return

Figure 52 Configuring the DHCP options

In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP options, and these options will be sent to the DHCP client.

Editing the DHCP Option60

Click the **Edit DHCP Option60** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Option60 Setup** page.

DHCP OPTION 60 SETUP

This page allow you to setup dhcp option 60, the dhcp server will assign one ip address based on you setting to dhcp client.

DHCP OPTION 60 TABLE:

State	deviceClassName	vendorId	minAddress	maxAddress	dnsPrimary	dnsSecondary	subnetMask	gateWay	dhcpLeaseTime

Add Edit Delete Return

Figure 53 Configuring the DHCP60 options

In this page, you can add, edit or delete the DHCP60 options.

Configuring the DHCP Static IP Lease List

The lease list of static IP address can reserve the static IP addresses for the hosts with the specific MAC addresses. When a host whose MAC address is in the lease list of static IP address requests the DHCP server for an IP address, the DHCP server assigns the reserved IP address to the host.

MAC Address	IP Address	Remove

Add Entries Remove Entries

Figure 54 DHCP static lease list

Click the **Add Entries** button in the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page to display the **DHCP Static IP Lease** page.

DHCP Static IP Lease

Enter the Mac address and Static IP address then click **Apply/Save** .

MAC Address:

IP Address:

Apply/Save

Figure 55 Adding an entry of DHCP static IP lease list

In this page, enter the MAC address of the LAN host and the static IP address that is reserved for the host, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

Configuring the Second IP Address and Subnet Mask for a LAN Interface

In the **Local Area Network (LAN) Setup** page, you are allowed to set the second IP address and the subnet mask for a LAN interface.

Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Apply/Save

Figure 56 Setting the second IP address and subnet mask

After enabling **Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN interface**, enter an IP address and a subnet mask for the LAN interface.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

5.2.4 IPv6 Auto configuration

Click **Advanced Setup > LAN > IPv6 Autoconfig**, and the following page appears.

IPv6 LAN Auto Configuration

Note: Stateful DHCPv6 is supported based on the assumption of prefix length less than 64. Interface ID does NOT support ZERO COMPRESSION "::.:". Please enter the complete information. For example: Please enter "0:0:0:2" instead of "::.2".

Static LAN IPv6 Address Configuration

Interface Address (prefix length is required):

IPv6 LAN Applications

Enable DHCPv6 Server

Stateless

Stateful

Start interface ID:

End interface ID:

Leased Time (hour):

Enable RADVD

Site Prefix Configuration

Delegated Site Prefix from WAN

Static Site Prefix

Site Prefix:

Site Prefix Length:

Enable MLD Snooping

Save/Apply

In this page, you can set an IP address for the DSL IPv6 router, enable the DHCPv6 server, enable RADVD and enable the MLD snooping function.

- **Enable DHCPv6 Server:** WIDE-DHCPv6 is an open-source implementation of dynamic host configuration protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) originally developed by the KAME project. The implementation mainly complies with the following standards: RFC3315, RFC3319, RFC3633, RFC3646, RFC4075, RFC 4272 etc.
- **Enable RADVD:** The router advertisement daemon (RADVD) is run by Linux or BSD systems acting as IPv6 routers. It sends router advertisement messages, specified by RFC2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a router solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6 stateless auto-configuration.

- **Enable MLD Snooping:** Multicast Listener Discovery Snooping (MLD Snooping) is an IPv6 multicast constraining mechanism that runs on Layer 2 devices to manage and control IPv6 multicast groups. By analyzing received MLD messages, a Layer 2 device running MLD Snooping establishes mappings between ports and multicast MAC addresses and forwards IPv6 multicast data based on these mappings.

After finishing setting, click the **Save/Apply** button to apply the settings.

5.2.5 NAT

Note:

The NAT information is not displayed in the bridge mode.

Virtual Servers

Firewall can prevent unexpected traffic on the Internet from your host on the LAN. The virtual server can create a channel that can pass through the firewall. In that case, the host on the Internet can communicate with a host on your LAN within certain port range.

Choose **Advanced Setup > NAT > Virtual Servers**, and the following page appears.

NAT -- Virtual Servers Setup

Virtual Server allows you to direct incoming traffic from WAN side (identified by Protocol and External port) to the Internal server with private IP address on the LAN side. The Internal port is required only if the external port needs to be converted to a different port number used by the server on the LAN side. A maximum 32 entries can be configured.

Server Name	External Port Start	External Port End	Protocol	Internal Port Start	Internal Port End	Server IP Address	WAN Interface	Remove
-------------	---------------------	-------------------	----------	---------------------	-------------------	-------------------	---------------	--------

Figure 57 Virtual server setup

In this page, you are allowed to add or remove a virtual server entry.

To add a virtual server, do as follows:

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

- **External Port End:** When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- **Protocol:** You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP in the drop-down list.
- **Internal Port Start:** When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.
- **Internal Port End:** When selecting a service, the port number will automatically be displayed. You can modify it if necessary.

After finishing setting, click **Save/Apply** to save and apply the settings.

Port Triggering

Some applications need some ports to be opened in the firewall for the remote access. When an application initializes a TCP/UDP to connect to a remote user, port triggering dynamically opens the open ports of the firewall.

Choose **Advanced Settings > NAT > Port Triggering**, and the following page appears.

NAT -- Port Triggering Setup

Some applications require that specific ports in the Router's firewall be opened for access by the remote parties. Port Trigger dynamically opens up the 'Open Ports' in the firewall when an application on the LAN initiates a TCP/UDP connection to a remote party using the 'Triggering Ports'. The Router allows the remote party from the WAN side to establish new connections back to the application on the LAN side using the 'Open Ports'. A maximum 32 entries can be configured.

Application Name	Trigger				Open		WAN Interface	Remove
	Protocol	Port Range		Protocol	Port Range			
		Start	End		Start	End		

Figure 59 Port triggering setup

In this page, you may add or delete an entry of port triggering.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

NAT -- Port Triggering

Some applications such as games, video conferencing, remote access applications and others require that specific ports in the Router's firewall be opened for access by the applications. You can configure the port settings from this screen by selecting an existing application or creating your own (Custom application) and click "Save/Apply" to add it.

Remaining number of entries that can be configured:32

Use Interface: ▼

Application Name:

Select an application: ▼

Custom application:

Trigger Port Start	Trigger Port End	Trigger Protocol	Open Port Start	Open Port End	Open Protocol
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP ▼

Figure 60 Adding an entry of port triggering

- **Use interface:** Select an interface that you want to configure.
- **Select an application:** Select a proper application in the drop-down list.
- **Custom application:** Manually define an application.
- **Trigger port Start:** The start port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- **Trigger port End:** The end port number that LAN uses to trigger the open port.
- **Trigger Protocol:** Select the application protocol. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.
- **Open Port Start:** The start port number that is opened to WAN.
- **Open Port End:** The end port number that is opened to WAN.
- **Open Protocol:** Select the proper protocol that is opened to WAN. You may select TCP/UDP, TCP, or UDP.

After finishing setting, click **Save/Apply** to apply the settings.

Note:

You can use a single port number, several port numbers separated by commas, port blocks consisting of two port numbers separated by a dash, or any combination of these, for example 80, 90-140, 180.

DMZ Host

DMZ allows all the ports of a PC on your LAN to be exposed to the Internet. Set the IP address of the PC to be DMZ host, so that the DMZ host will not be blocked by firewall.

Choose **Advanced Setup > NAT > DMZ host** to display the following page.

NAT -- DMZ Host

The Broadband Router will forward IP packets from the WAN that do not belong to any of the applications configured in the Virtual Servers table to the DMZ host computer.

Enter the computer's IP address and click 'Apply' to activate the DMZ host.

Clear the IP address field and click 'Apply' to deactivate the DMZ host.

DMZ Host IP Address:

Apply/Save

Figure 61 DMZ host

In this page, enter the IP address of the DMZ host.

After finishing the settings, click the **Apply/Save** button to apply the settings.

If you want to clear the DMZ function of the host, please delete the IP address of the host in the field of **DMZ Host IP Address**, and then click the **Apply/Save** button.

Multi NAT

Multi-NAT is the term to describe creating more than one public IP address for your network. Multi-NAT is used in the situation when your ISP provides you with a number of public IP addresses, and you want to use them to provide access from Internet to multiple internal servers. Multi NAT assigns one of the public IPs to the WAN interface of the router; then Multi-NAT is used for the other public IPs, and with them NATed to multiple internal IP addresses.

Click **Advanced Setup > NAT > Multi NAT**, and the following page appears.

MultiNAT table--Support customer defined NAT rule, contain One2One, One2Many, Many2One, Many2Many mode.

mode	internalAddrStart	internalAddrEnd	externalAddrStart	externAddrEnd	remove

Figure 62 Multi-NAT setup

In this page, you can add or remove a multi-NAT rule.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

NAT -- Multi NAT

Rule Type:

Use interface:

internalAddrStart	internalAddrEnd	externalAddrStart	externAddrEnd

Figure 63 Adding a multi-NAT rule

In this page, please select the proper type; select the proper **Use interface**, and configure the other parameters in this page.

After finishing setting, click **Save/Apply** to apply the settings.

5.3 Wireless

5.3.1 Basic Settings

Choose **Wireless > Basic** to display the following page.

Wireless -- Basic

This page allows you to configure basic features of the wireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the wireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the wireless network name (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on country requirements.

Click 'Apply/Save' to configure the basic wireless options.

- Enable Wireless
- Enable Autogeneration
- Hide Access Point
- Clients Isolation
- Disable WMM Advertise
- Enable Wireless Multicast Forwarding (WMF)

SSID:

BSSID:

Country:

Max Clients:

Wireless - Guest/Virtual Access Points:

Enabled	SSID	Hidden	Isolate Clients	Disable WMM Advertise	Enable WMF	Max Clients	BSSID
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="Broadcom2"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="16"/>	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="Broadcom3"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="16"/>	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="Broadcom4"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="16"/>	N/A

Apply/Save

Figure 64 Wireless basic configuration

This page allows you to configure the basic features of the wireless LAN interface.

- **Enable Wireless:** Enable or disable the wireless function.
- **Hide Access Point:** if you want to hide any access point for your router, select this option, and then a station cannot obtain the SSID through the passive scanning.
- **Clients Isolation:** When many clients connect to the same access point, they can access each other. If you want to disable the access between the clients that connect to the same access point, you can select this option.
- **Disable WMM Advertise:** After enabling this option, the transmission performance multimedia of the voice and video data can be improved.

- **Enable Wireless Multicast Forwarding (WMF):** After enabling this option, the transmission quality of video service such as IPTV can be improved.
- **SSID:** For the security reason, you should change the default SSID to a unique name.
- **BSSID:** Display the MAC address of the wireless interface.
- **Country:** The name of the country with which your gateway is configured. This parameter further specifies your wireless connection. For example, The channel will adjust according to nations to adapt to each nation's frequency provision.
- **Max Clients:** Specify the maximum wireless client stations to be enabled to link with AP. Once the clients exceed the max vlaue, all other clients are refused. The value of maximum clients is 16.
- **Wireless - Guest/Virtual Access Points:** If you want to make Guest/Virtual network function be available, you have to check those boxes in the table below. In the current software version, three virtual access points can be configured.

After finishing setting, click **Apply/Save** to save the basic wireless settings and make the settings take effect.

5.3.2 Security

Choose **Wireless > Security** to display the following page.

Wireless -- Security

This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.

You may setup configuration manually

OR

through WiFi Protected Setup(WPS)

WPS Setup

Enable WPS

Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2 PSK or OPEN mode is configured)

Push-Button PIN

[Help](#)

Set WPS AP Mode

Setup AP (Configure all security settings with an external registrar)

Push-Button PIN

Device PIN [Help](#)

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Save' when done.

Select SSID:

Network Authentication:

WEP Encryption:

Figure 65 Wireless security configuration

This page allows you to configure the security features of the wireless LAN interface. In this page, you can configure the network security settings by the Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) method or setting the network authentication mode.

- **WPS Setup**

WPS Setup

Enable **WPS**

Add **Client** (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2 PSK or OPEN mode is configured)

Push-Button PIN

[Help](#)

Set **WPS AP Mode**

Setup **AP** (Configure all security settings with an external registrar)

Push-Button PIN

Device **PIN** [Help](#)

Figure 66 WPS setup

There are 2 primary methods used in the Wi-Fi Protected Setup:

- PIN entry, a mandatory method of setup for all WPS certified devices.
- Push button configuration (PBC), an actual push button on the hardware or through a simulated push button in the software. (This is an optional method on wireless client).

If you are using the PIN method, you will need a Registrar (access point/wireless router) to initiate the registration between a new device and an active access point/wireless router. (**Note:** *The PBC method may also need a Registrar when used in a special case where the PIN is all zeros*)

In order to use the push-button for WPS authentication, you must ensure that the network card support the function. if it supports, you need not to do any configuration. You can press the WPS button directly to enable the WPS function.

- **Manual Setup AP**

This page provides 9 types of network authentication modes, including Open, Shared, 802.1X, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA2/WPA, and Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK.

Manual Setup AP

You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Click 'Apply/Save' when done.

Select SSID:

Network Authentication:

WEP Encryption:

- Open
- Shared
- 802.1X
- WPA
- WPA-PSK
- WPA2
- WPA2 -PSK
- Mixed WPA2/WPA
- Mixed WPA2/WPA -PSK

Figure 67 Manual setup AP

5.3.3 MAC Filter

Choose **Wireless > MAC Filter** to display the following page.

Wireless -- MAC Filter

Select SSID:

MAC Restrict Mode: Disabled Allow Deny

MAC Address	Remove
-------------	--------

Add	Remove
-----	--------

Figure 68 MAC filter configuration

This page is used to allow or reject the wireless clients to access the wireless network

of the wireless router.

In this page, you can add or remove the MAC filters.

The MAC restrict modes include **Disabled**, **Allow**, and **Deny**.

- **Disabled:** Disable the wireless MAC address filtering function.
- **Allow:** Allow the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the **MAC Address** list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.
- **Deny:** Reject the wireless clients with the MAC addresses in the **MAC Address** list to access the wireless network of the wireless router.

Click the **Add** button to display the following page.

Wireless -- MAC Filter

Enter the MAC address and click 'Apply/Save' to add the MAC address to the wireless MAC address filters.

MAC Address:

Figure 69 Adding a MAC filter

In this page, enter the MAC address of the wireless client, and then click the **Apply/Save** button to add the MAC address to the MAC address list.

5.3.4 Wireless Bridge

Choose **Wireless > Wireless Bridge** to display the following page.

Wireless -- Bridge

This page allows you to configure wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select Wireless Bridge (also known as Wireless Distribution System) to disable access point functionality. Selecting Access Point enables access point functionality. Wireless bridge functionality will still be available and wireless stations will be able to associate to the AP. Select Disabled in Bridge Restrict which disables wireless bridge restriction. Any wireless bridge will be granted access. Selecting Enabled enables wireless bridge restriction. Only those bridges selected in Remote Bridges will be granted access. Click "Refresh" to update the remote bridges. Wait for few seconds to update. Click "Apply/Save" to configure the wireless bridge options.

AP Mode:

Bridge Restrict:

Remote Bridges MAC Address:

Figure 70 Wireless bridge configuration

This page allows you to configure the wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface.

- **AP mode:** you may select Access Point or Wireless Bridge.
- **Bridge Restrict:** Enable or disable the bridge restrict function.
- **Remote Bridges MAC Address:** Enter the remote bridge MAC address.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.3.5 Advanced Settings

Choose **Wireless > Advanced** to display the following page.

Wireless -- Advanced

This page allows you to configure advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select a particular channel on which to operate, force the transmission rate to a particular speed, set the fragmentation threshold, set the RTS threshold, set the wakeup interval for clients in power-save mode, set the beacon interval for the access point, set XPress mode and set whether short or long preambles are used.

Click 'Apply/Save' to configure the advanced wireless options.

Band:	2.4GHz	
Channel:	1	Current: 1 (interference: acceptable)
Auto Channel Timer(min)	0	
802.11n/EWIC:	Auto	
Bandwidth:	40MHz in Both Bands	Current: 40MHz
Control Sideband:	Lower	Current: Lower
802.11n Rate:	Auto	
802.11n Protection:	Auto	
Support 802.11n Client Only:	Off	
RIFS Advertisement:	Off	
OBSS Co-Existence:	Disable	
RX Chain Power Save:	Disable	
RX Chain Power Save Quiet Time:	10	
RX Chain Power Save PPS:	10	
Radio Power Save:	Disable	
Radio Power Save Quiet Time:	10	
Radio Power Save PPS:	10	
Radio Power Save On Time:	50	
54g Rate:	1 Mbps	
Multicast Rate:	Auto	
Basic Rate:	Default	
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	
RTS Threshold:	2347	
DTIM Interval:	1	
Beacon Interval:	100	
Global Max Clients:	16	
XPress Technology:	Disable	
Transmit Power:	100%	

Figure 71 Wireless advanced settings

This page allows you to configure the advanced features of the wireless LAN interface. Usually, you do not need to change the settings in this page.

Note:

The advanced wireless setting is only for the advanced user. For the common user, do not change any settings in this page.

5.4 Diagnostics

Choose **Diagnostics**, and the following page appears.

ppoe_0_0_35 Diagnostics

Your modem is capable of testing your DSL connection. The individual tests are listed below. If a test displays a fail status, click "Rerun Diagnostic Tests" at the bottom of this page to make sure the fail status is consistent. If the test continues to fail, click "Help" and follow the troubleshooting procedures.

Test the connection to your local network

Test your eth0 Connection:	FAIL	Help
Test your eth1 Connection:	FAIL	Help
Test your eth2 Connection:	FAIL	Help
Test your eth3 Connection:	PASS	Help
Test your Wireless Connection:	PASS	Help

Test the connection to your DSL service provider

Test xDSL Synchronization:	FAIL	Help
Test ATM OAM F5 segment ping:	DISABLED	Help
Test ATM OAM F5 end-to-end ping:	DISABLED	Help

Test the connection to your Internet service provider

Test PPP server connection:	DISABLED	Help
Test authentication with ISP:	DISABLED	Help
Test the assigned IP address:	DISABLED	Help
Ping default gateway:	FAIL	Help
Ping primary Domain Name Server:	FAIL	Help



Figure 72 Diagnostics configuration

This page is used to test the connection to your local network, the connection to your DSL service provider, and the connection to your Internet service provider.

You may diagnose the connection by clicking **Test** or **Test with OAMF4**.

5.5 Management

5.5.1 Settings

Backup

Choose **Management > Settings > Backup** to display the following page.

Settings - Backup

Backup Broadband Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.



Backup Settings

Figure 73 Backup settings

In this page, click the **Backup Settings** button to save your router's settings to your local PC.

Update

Choose **Management > Settings > Update**, and the following page appears.

Tools -- Update Settings

Update Broadband Router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Settings File Name:



Update Settings

Figure 74 Update settings

In this page, click the **Browse...** button to select the correct new settings file, and then click the **Update Settings** button to update the router's settings.

Restore Default

Choose **Management > Settings > Restore Default** to display the following page.

Tools -- Restore Default Settings

Restore Broadband Router settings to the factory defaults.



Restore Default Settings

Figure 75 Restoring the default settings

In this page, click the **Restore default settings** button, and then system returns to the default settings.

5.5.2 TR-69 Client

Choose **Management > TR-069Client** to display the following page.

TR-069 client - Configuration

WAN Management Protocol (TR-069) allows a Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device.

Select the desired values and click 'Apply/Save' to configure the TR-069 client options.

Inform Disable Enable

Inform Interval:

ACS URL:

ACS User Name:

ACS Password:

WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:

Display SOAP messages on serial console Disable Enable

Connection Request Authentication

Connection Request User Name:

Connection Request Password:

Connection Request Port:

Connection Request URL:

Figure 76 TR-069 client configuration

WAN Management Protocol (TR-069) allows Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device.

In this page, you may configure the parameters such as the ACS URL, ACS password, and connection request user name.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

5.5.3 Access Control

Passwords

Choose **Management > Access Control > Passwords**, and the following page appears.

Access Control -- Passwords

Access to your DSL router is controlled through three user accounts:admin,support and user .

The user name "admin" has unrestricted access to change and view configuration of your DSL Router.

The user name "support" is used to allow an ISP technician to access your DSL Router for maintenance and to run diagnostics.

The user name "user" can access the DSL Router, view configuration settings and statistics, as well as, update the router's software.

Use the fields below to enter up to 16 characters and click 'Apply/Save' to change or create passwords. Note: Password cannot contain a space.

Username:	<input type="text"/>
New Username:	<input type="text"/>
Old Password:	<input type="text"/>
New Password:	<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password:	<input type="text"/>

Apply/Save

Figure 77 Modifying the password

In the page, you can modify the passwords of different users.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

Services

Choose **Management > Access Control > Services Control** and the following page appears.

Access Control -- Services

Services access control list (SCL) enable or disable the running services.

Services	LAN	WAN	Port
HTTP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable	<input type="checkbox"/> enable	80
TELNET	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable	<input type="checkbox"/> enable	23
FTP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable	<input type="checkbox"/> enable	21
TFTP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable	<input type="checkbox"/> enable	69
ICMP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> enable	<input type="checkbox"/> enable	0

Apply/Save

Figure 78 Services control

In this page, you can enable or disable the different types of services.

After finishing setting, click the **Apply/Save** button to save and apply the settings.

Note:

The WAN information is not displayed in the bridge mode.

5.5.4 Update Software

Choose **Management > Update Software**, and the following page appears.

Tools -- Update Software

Step 1: Obtain an updated software image file from your ISP.

Step 2: Enter the path to the image file location in the box below or click the 'Browse' button to locate the image file.

Step 3: Click the 'Update Software' button once to upload the new image file.

NOTE: The update process takes about 2 minutes to complete, and your Broadband Router will reboot.

Software File Name:

Figure 79 Updating software

If you want to upload the software, click the **Browse...** button to choose the new software, and then click the **Update Software** button.

Note:

When software update is in progress, do not shut down the router. After software update completes, the router automatically reboots.

Please make sure that the new software for updating is correct, and do not use other software to update the router.

5.5.5 Reboot

Choose **Management > Reboot** and the following page appears.

Click the button below to reboot the router.



Figure 80 Rebooting the router

In this page, click the **Reboot** button, and then the router reboots.

6 Q&A

(1) **Q:** Why all the indicators are off?

A: Check the following:

- The connection between the power adaptor and the power socket.
- The status of the power switch.

(2) **Q:** Why the **LAN** indicator is off?

A: Check the following:

- The connection between the ADSL router and your computer, hub, or switch.
- The running status of your PC, hub, or switch.

(3) **Q:** Why the **ADSL** indicator is off?

A: Check the connection between the "Line" port of router and the wall jack.

(4) **Q:** Why Internet access fails while the **ADSL** indicator is on?

A: Check whether the VPI, VCI, user name, and password are correctly entered.

(5) **Q:** Why I fail to access the web configuration page of the DSL router?

A: Choose **Start > Run** from the desktop, and ping **192.168.1.1** (IP address of the DSL router). If the DSL router is not reachable, check the type of the network cable, the connection between the DSL router, and the PC, and the TCP/IP configuration of the PC.

(6) **Q:** How to load the default settings after incorrect configuration?

A: To restore the factory default settings, turn on the device, and press the reset button for about 1 second, and then release it. The default IP address and the subnet mask of the DSL router are **192.168.1.1** and **255.255.255.0**, respectively.

- User/password of super user: **admin/admin**
- User/password of common user: **user/user**